

**GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA****KARNATAKA STATE PRE-UNIVERSITY EDUCATION EXAMINATION BOARD****II YEAR PU EXAMINATION MARCH -2012****Subject code: 02****Subject: English****Total no. of questions: 47****Total marks: 100**

I. Answer the following in a word, a phrase or a sentence each: 12 X 1 = 12

01. How old did Blandford say he was?

Ans: Thirty two years /32.

02. How could the children crawl outside in spite of being bundled tight?

Ans: wriggled free.

03. Name any *one* of the Red Indian tribes found on the river banks in the Peruvian jungle.

Ans: The Konibo / the Shipibo / the Cacataibo.

04. Who, according to Tansukh, would die if he had not helped Kashi?

Ans: Kashi's wife.

05. Shakespeare does not want to admit impediments to the ..... of true minds. (Fill in the blank with the word used in the poem.)

Ans: marriage

06. What did Mary advise Joe to do when the villagers came to attack him?

Ans: to go to bed / get to bed.

07. What feeling do the people in "The Rabbit" return with?

Ans: disappointment / anger / unhappiness / frustration

08. What was Baba Amte suffering from?

Ans: Cervical spondylosis / Spondylosis

09. Name the Bill, Rukmini Devi got passed in the Rajya Sabha in 1960.

Ans: Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

10. Dark-skinned urchins picked up the glittering glass pieces because

- a) they wanted to please Melkkoran
- b) they wanted to play with them
- c) they wanted to cut their fingers.

Ans: b) they wanted to play with them.

11. Which system of education retards the impulses of students, according to Kie Ho?

Ans: Indonesian system of education

12. The speaker is married off in the poem, 'I am not that Woman' because,

- a) she is considered a burden
- b) she has been dishonest to her parents
- c) she sells socks and shoes.

Ans: a) she is considered a burden

II. Answer any *eight* of the following choosing at least *two* from poetry in a paragraph of 80-100 words each: 8 X 4 = 32

13. Describe the developments after Blandford met the woman well past 40.

Ans: Blandford squared his shoulders, saluted and held the book out toward the woman past forty. He offered to take her to dinner-the woman's face broadened in a tolerant smile-she told she didn't know what that was all about- told him that the young lady who had just gone requested her to wear a red rose in her suit lapel. The young lady had told her that it was a kind of test for Blandford-she would be waiting for him in the big

restaurant across the street- the elderly woman also told him that her two sons worked with the US government and she didn't mind obliging him.

(2 marks for any 4 value points - ½ each)

(1 mark for language ability/expression)

(1 mark for coherence)

14. Describe the process of growth of children from infancy to adulthood in the poem, 'Life's Beginning'.

Ans: No celebration of the birth of children in poor families-no toasts, no loaded tables, no songs-mothers crooned over them a tune forlorn-mothers carried them to their workplaces-left them in the shade while they stacked and forked hay-toiled till dark-knew no rest-rocked them at their breasts at night-used pacifiers to keep them quiet- couldn't take them to the farm during harvest-bundled them tight and left them at home-prayed for their safety-wriggled free and crawled outside-tried to walk barefooted on the prickly stubble-the world seemed strange and new- familiar things-stranger things-as the years rolled on, their shoulders broadened and arms grew strong. Thus they became independent.

(2 marks for any 4 value points - ½ each)

(1 mark for language ability/expression)

(1 mark for coherence)

15. Give an account of the loss and injuries Juliane suffered when she fell into the Peruvian jungle.

Ans: Juliane-awoken up by rain-found the seat next to her empty-thought her mother was dead-couldn't stand up-felt dizzy-found that she had lost a shoe, a ring and her glasses- observed a bone oddly sticking out-might be her collar bone-a bump on her head, one of her eyes swollen-a small wound on her foot.

(2 marks for any 4 value points - ½ each)

(1 mark for language ability/expression)

(1 mark for coherence)

16. Explain how Tansukh felt about his job.

Ans: Tansukh thought his job was not good – had to tell lies – cheat the innocent – knew telling a lie is the lowest form of sin – had to resort to telling lies – no means of earning his livelihood – depended on “commission” – knew the word ‘broker’ evoked contempt – no respect for broker in society – did all this for his stomach – still stomach remained empty – expressed his helplessness – in fact, he was not boasting of his cleverness – merely describing how skilled he was in his brutality.

(2 marks for any 4 value points - ½ each)

(1 mark for language ability/expression)

(1 mark for coherence)

17. How do Mary and Johnny save Joe’s machine?

- Joe’s invention angers the villagers – Mary knows it – she hides the secret part – persuades Joe to go to bed – gives an unloaded pistol to Johnny and tells him to keep the mob away till Joe is abed – pleads with the villagers to spare Joe and leave him unharmed – Johnny points the pistol at the mob – defends his father’s work– argues with Hob and the villagers – behaves courageously.

(2 marks for any 4 value points - ½ each)

(1 mark for language ability/expression)

(1 mark for coherence)

18. Describe the arrangements made by the organizers to show the rabbit to the people.

The only rabbit in England-a thing of exhibit showcased- all the pomp-result of urbanization- rabbit- on the only patch of grass- behind the barbed wire fence nibbling grass-under sodium lights-flood lights, neon lights-hoarding-much fanfare-bands and banners-big loud speakers-mounted policemen.

(2 marks for any 4 value points - ½ each)

(1 mark for language ability/expression)

(1 mark for coherence)

19. How did Baba Amte's encounter with Tulsiram become a turning point in his life?

Baba Amte,while servicing latrines and carrying a basket of night soil on his head saw a leprosy patient in the gutter who appeared to be a corpse- he had no fingers, no toes, no limbs- had only two holes in place of nose-maggots crawling all over him-Baba felt fear-thought he didn't deserve the title 'Abhai Sadak'-became restless-gave up his profession-sought permission to go to Calcutta to know more about leprosy-established Warora Maharogi Seva Samithi - later became Anandwan. The sight of Tulsiram changed Baba's life.

(2 marks for any 4 value points - ½ each)

(1 mark for language ability/expression)

(1 mark for coherence)

20. Describe the professional life of the travel agent in 'The Travel Bureau'.

The lady travel guide-behind bright brass rail-plans proud journeying-uses high coloured words to bring far off places near- establishes a link between the traveler and the place with her clear detail-her words take wings-

travels in a world of imagination-mentions Taj Mahal,Kashmir's valley,Sevilla,Fiesole,fiords-minstrel of the great out- trail.

(2 marks for any 4 value points - ½ each)

(1 mark for language ability/expression)

(1 mark for coherence)

21. Explain the interests of Rukmini Devi apart from dance.

Established Kalakshetra- painting-textile crafts like weaving silk and cotton a la Kanchipuram or the Andhra style of vegetable-dyed Kalamkari-initiated many worthy projects-life long interests-Theosophy, Animal welfare, vegetarianism,Education-got the bill passed Prevention of Cruelty to Animals in 1960-brought Maria Montessori to India-organised her talks-set up first Kindergarten in India.

(2 marks for any 4 value points - ½ each)

(1 mark for language ability/expression)

(1 mark for coherence)

22. Trace the stages of the building of the glass tree in 'Unni Katha'.

Melkkoran cut down the old champaka tree-started to build a glass tree in its place - deftly chipped away the logs of glass wood and worked effortlessly - first, sculpted out roots and the trunk - then the branches - carved out the leaves and the flowers using green glass and white glass - shaped each leaf and flower diligently - took one and a half year to complete the work.

(2 marks for any 4 value points - ½ each)

(1 mark for language ability/expression)

(1 mark for coherence)

III. Answer the following in about 200 words:

6 X 1 = 6

23. How did the qualities of hope and courage help the girl to survive in the Peruvian jungle?

Ans: Juliane fell into the jungle - sustained injuries - left all alone - did not lose hope - decided to stay alive - strong will power - had been taught the dangers of the jungle - found a river - started walking - had nothing to eat - lived on water and only a few sweets - faced odds and obstacles - mosquitoes tortured her - river banks sometimes impassable - had to wade across the river - greedy alligators, piranhas, stingrays posed danger - walked ten and a half days alone - showed exemplary courage.

OR

“The Road stands for activity and life and the speaker wants to be a part of it.” How is this idea presented in the poem, “The House by the side of the Road”?

Ans: The speaker wants to live in a house by the side of the road and be a friend to man - doesn't want to live like hermit souls, souls like stars and pioneer souls - doesn't want to be judgmental - accepts people as they are - identifies himself with common man - knows his strengths and weaknesses - likes to share both joys and sorrows - rejoices when his fellow beings rejoice, weeps with the strangers that moan - realizes his ideal by hoping to live in the house by the side of the road where race of men go by.

OR

“The glass tree built by Melkkoran has the glitter, but lacks the radiance of life.” Critically examine this statement with reference to “Unni Katha”.

Ans: The glass tree-wondrous - never grows old and never sheds its leaves - its leaves and flowers glitter in the sun - exquisite tree - unmatched in beauty

- attracts crowds from far and near - makes Kuruman Panikkan proud - he showers priceless gifts on Melkkoran - in spite of all these qualities, it is lifeless - no bird with wings of many colours comes to rest on it though there were glittering nests on it - flowers give no fragrance - in sheer contrast to the champaka tree which is full of life and radiance.

(3marks for any 6 value points - ½ each)

(1 mark for language ability/expression)

(1 mark for coherence)

(1 mark for critical appreciation)

IV. Read the following passage and answer the questions set on it: 10 X 1 = 10

“Prevention is better than cure.” This is an old saying. It is better to prevent a disease than to cure it or battle against it when it is severe. This saying emphasizes that caution should be the watchword.

If we drink impure water our throat may be affected and we may catch severe cough and cold. Therefore we should be careful enough to avoid drinking impure water wherever we are. It is sheer carelessness to drink impure water without minding its consequences.

Overweight is the result of eating too much fatty food. Physical exercise contributes to a thin frame. WE should avoid too much of fat in our food. We should not take too much of ghee or butter and if we adhere to this principle we can prevent the accumulation of fat in our blood vessels.

When we have high blood pressure we must reduce out obesity. Our salt intake should be as little as possible. We should not be tense and should not take rich, spicy food. Yoga, games, walking or jogging reduces the chances of a heart attack.



Everyone knows that cancer is caused by chewing tobacco or smoking. The use of tobacco is dangerous and it surely affects our healthy. Cancer is a disease that cannot be cured unless detected at an early stage. Poor people who suffer from cancer cannot afford to meet the expenses of treatment because the treatment is very expensive. Cancer in its advanced stage kills people.

AIDS is a disease caused by unsafe sex. It can be prevented. But it is very difficult to cure it. It is very pathetic to see that even young people suffer from AIDS.

Uncontrolled diabetes leads to kidney problem. Liquor can cause disease in the abdomen. Liver gets damaged by drinking too much of liquor.

24. What does the old saying, "Prevention is better than cure" emphasise?

Ans: emphasises that caution should be the watch word / caution.

25. What causes throat problem?

Ans: drinking impure water / impure water.

26. What happens if we eat too much of fatty food?

Ans: become over weight / accumulation of fat in blood vessels.

27. We can have a thin frame by .....

- a) doing physical exercise
- b) preventing diseases
- c) eating ghee or butter.

Ans: a) doing physical exercise

28. Where is fat accumulated in our body?

Ans: in our blood vessels / blood vessels.

29. Pick out from the passage any one of the means we should follow to reduce the chances of a heart attack.

Ans: Yoga / games / walking / jogging.

30. What causes cancer?

Ans: chewing tobacco / smoking

31. When can cancer be cured?

Ans: if detected at an early stage / early diagnosis.

32. Why can poor people suffering from cancer not afford to meet the expenses of treatment?

Ans: the treatment is very expensive / costly / dearer.

33. AIDS is caused by .....

a) uncontrolled diabetes

b) drinking liquor

c) unsafe sex

Ans: c) unsafe sex

V. 34. Report the following conversation: 5 X 1 = 5

*Mary* : Can I help you?

*Joe* : Give me a thread from your wheel.

*Mary* : What will happen to us?

*Joe* : They will smash me and my work.

*Mary* : Don't say such things!

Ans: Mary asked Joe if / whether she could help him. (Mary offered to help Joe.) Joe asked Mary to give him a thread from her wheel. Mary asked Joe what would happen to them. Joe said (replied) that they would smash him and his work. Mary asked Joe (pleaded with Joe) not to say such things.

(1 mark for each correct sentence.)

35. Complete the following by filling in the blanks using *appropriate form* of the verbs given in brackets: 3 X 1 = 3

Juliane was still in the area over which the wreckage of the plane.....  
(scatter). The hot sun had badly burnt her back as the fastening at the back of her dress ..... (break).

She was constantly bitten by mosquitoes. Eggs of horseflies  
..... (deposit) underneath her skin.

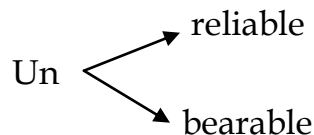
Ans: ..... was scattered

..... was broken / had been broken

..... were deposited

36. Rewrite as directed: 1

Food poisoning causes ..... pain.



(Use the correct root word with the prefix to fill in the blank)

Ans unbearable.

37. Fill in the blanks by choosing the *appropriate expressions* given in brackets: 2 X 1 = 2

(*come across, turn down, set up*)

Rukmini Devi ..... the first Montessori kindergarten in India.  
It seldom that we ..... persons like her in public life.

Ans: ..... setup  
 ..... come across.

38. Choose the *appropriate linkers* from the given in brackets and fill in the blanks. Rearrange the sentences into a coherent paragraph:

$(4 \times 1) + 1 = 5$

(One mark is allotted for the rearrangement of the sentences)

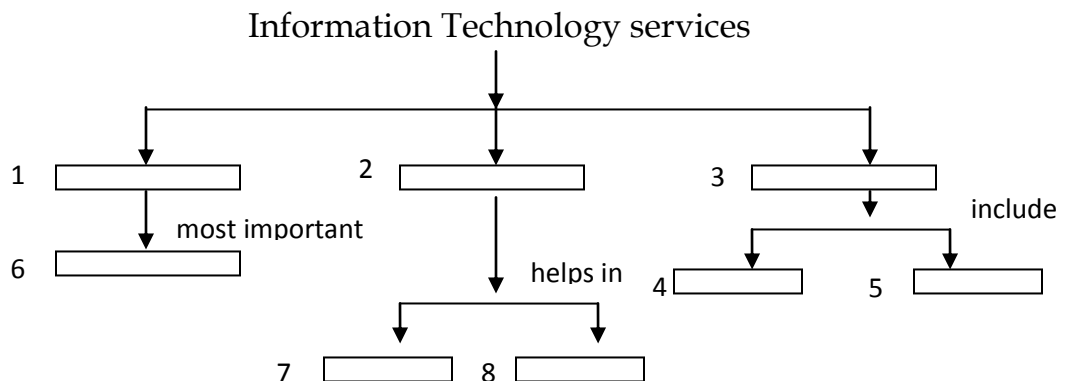
(*and, besides, when, but*)

A girl passed close to him ..... He was waiting for Hollis Meynell.  
 ....., this girl was very young. Blandford reached Grand  
 Central Station at six minutes to six. She was wearing a red flower,  
 ..... it was not a rose. He saw her .....  
 started.

Ans: Blandford reached Grand Central Station at six minutes to six. A girl  
 passed close to him **when** he was waiting for Hollis Meynell. He saw her  
**and** started. She was wearing a red flower, **but** it was not a rose. **Besides**,  
 this girl was very young.

VI. A) 39. Read the following passage and make notes by drawing and  
 filling in the boxes given below:  $8 \times \frac{1}{2} = 4$

The services carried on through Information Technology include  
 transcription, data entry and services. Services consist of designing and  
 finance. Medical transcription is one of the most important transcriptions  
 done for outsourcing operations. Data entry helps in research and analysis.



- Ans:
1. transcription
  2. data entry
  3. services
  4. designing
  5. finance
  6. medical transcription / medical
  7. research
  8. analysis

B) 40. Write a letter of application in response to the following advertisement which appeared in "The Telegraph" dated March 20, 2012:

<b>WANTED</b>	
<b>PROJECT ASSISTANTS</b>	
<b>Qualification:</b>	P.U.C. or above with minimum 60% marks, Good communication skill in English and Hindi. Kannada knowledge essential.
Experienced candidates will be given preference.	
<b>Apply to:</b>	The Manager, Shewtha Enterprises, 312 / A, Jananabharathi, B.R. Ambedkar Road, Bangalore - 58

(Write XXXX for name and YYYY for address)

Ans: (No marks to be awarded for mere format.

Format ..... 2 marks

Content of the letter / text / body ..... 3 marks.

As far as format is concerned, both **Block method** and **Indented method** are considered.)

Model letter format

XXXX

YYYY

20 March 2012

The Manager  
Swetha Enterprises  
312 / A, Jnanabharati  
B.R.Ambedkar Road  
Bangalore - 58

Dear Sir / Madam,

Sub: Application for the post of Project Assistants.

Reference: The advertisement appeared in 'The Telegraph' dated 20  
March 2012.

(Body of the letter)

(Coherent, relevant and grammatically correct letter of application.)

Yours faithfully

Signature

(XXXX)

Resume / bio-data / C.V.		
1	name	
2	Date of Birth	
3	Father's name	
4	Educational qualification	
5.	Additional qualification	
6.	Experience	
7.	Postal address	
8.	Permanent address	

C) 41. Imagine that you are invited by the local youth club to speak on 'Sense of cleanliness'. Write a speech in about 100 words. Your speech should include the following points:

5

- Importance of keeping the surrounding clean
- Fresh air, clean, water - mobilizing people to maintain cleanliness
- Personal cleanliness: - brushing teeth, bathing
- Wearing clean clothes
- Clean home: -- always keeping the kitchen, the utensils and the interior clean
- Garbage clearance on day -to-day basis

**(5 marks to be awarded for mere attempt to answer the question no. 41.)**

Ans: Good morning/ Good afternoon / good evening

Dignitaries on the dais / Ladies and gentle men,

I am honoured to have been given an opportunity to speak on "Sense of Cleanliness". / I wish to share my ideas and thoughts on "Sense of

Cleanliness". / It gives me immense pleasure to be with you all and speak on "Sense of Cleanliness". / I am standing before you to speak on "Sense of Cleanliness"

I would like to begin my speech with a popular saying, "Cleanliness is next to godliness". We need to practise cleanliness which is directly related to health. Unsanitary/ unhygienic environment makes life miserable as it affects health. Well maintained surroundings contribute not only to physical health but also to peace of mind. So, it is the responsibility of every citizen to see to it that air and water are not polluted. Fresh air and clean drinking water are as necessary as eating healthy food. Brushing teeth twice a day, bathing everyday and wearing clean clothes should be given priority. Kitchen is the central part of any home. If it is not kept clean, it becomes the breeding centre of germs. It is highly essential to keep utensils germ-free. We need to dump garbage everyday at the designated dumping sites. People should be made aware of cleanliness through talks and campaigns.

I would like to conclude my speech by reiterating that one should not only talk about cleanliness but also practise it.

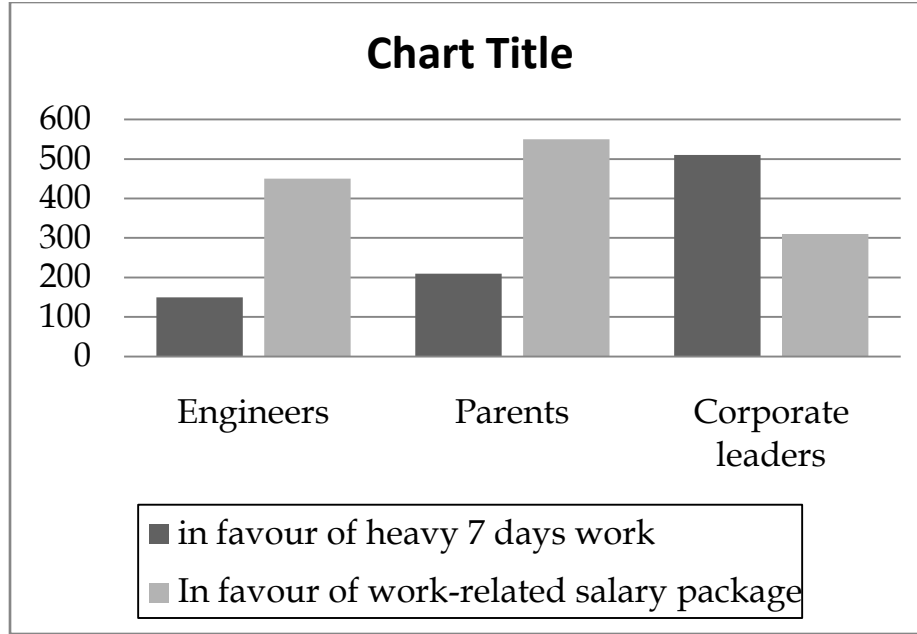
Thank you

Or

The following bar graph shows the result of a survey undertaken among 600 persons (200 engineers, 200 parents, 200 corporate leaders) to know their view on two very important issues:

- i) Should our engineers be overweighed with heavy work – sometimes 7 days a week?
  - ii) Should their salary package be work-related?
- Based on the results, prepare a report in about 120 words:





**(5 marks to be awarded for mere attempt to answer the question no. 41.)**

Ans: The bar diagram gives us the information about the results of a survey undertaken among 600 persons (200 engineers, 200 parents and 200 corporate leaders) who expressed their opinion on two issues. They are work-related salary package for engineers and heavy work – seven day week for them.

Nearly 150 engineers, 220 parents and 500 corporate leaders speak in favour of work-related salary package for engineers. 450 engineers, 550 parents and 300 corporate leaders want over work (seven day week) for engineers. More number of corporate leaders advocate seven day week than engineers and parents. There is a huge gap between corporate leaders and engineers about it as the difference is nearly 300. Only a few engineers and parents express their consent for seven day week. Considering the opinion of engineers, parents and corporate leaders about work related salary package, the difference seems to be less. There is only a narrow margin. More than 550 parents support work-related salary package where as 300 corporate leaders support the same. The number of parents in favour of work related salary package exceeds than the number of engineers and corporate leaders.

VII. A) 42. What do the italicized words in the following extract refer to?

4 X 1 = 4

Prevention is better than cure. It is better to prevent a disease than try to cure *it* (i). People are prone to catch many diseases because of *their* (ii) ugly lifestyle and strange food habits. A lot of people consume liquor. They are not serious about *its* (iii) consequences. Yoga *which* (iv) should be learnt from experts keeps us healthy.

- i) *it*: \_\_\_\_\_  
 ii) *their*: \_\_\_\_\_  
 iii) *its*: \_\_\_\_\_  
 iv) *which*: \_\_\_\_\_

Ans: i) *it* = disease.  
 ii) *their* = people's / people  
 iii) *its* = consumption of liquor / liquor's / liquor  
 iv) *which* = yoga

B) Rewrite the sentences using the suffix given in brackets:

2 X 1 = 2

43. He answered in a different way (-ly).

Ans: He answered differently.

44. He is a man without any care (-free).

Ans: He is a carefree man / he is a man who is carefree.

C) Which collocation is more acceptable? Write the correct answer:

2 X 1 = 2

45. grow a plant / live a plant.

Ans: grow a plant

46. an obedient student / a faithful student.

Ans: an obedient student **OR** a faithful student.

D) 47. Match the words from **Column A** with those in **Column B** to form correct word pairs: 2 X 1 = 2

**A**

give
for

and

**B**

help
against
take
far

Ans: give and take

for and against.

(No marks without the conjunction “**and**”)

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